RECOMMENDED EQUIVALENT DOSES FOR OPIOID DRUGS FOR USE IN ADULTS.

N.B. This table is to be used as a guide rather than as a set of definite equivalences.

Morphine Subcutaneous Diamorphine							Subcutaneous Alfentanil		Oxycodone					Fentanyl Transdermal	Buprenorphine Transdermal	Tramadol	Codeine Phosphate
Oral Subcutaneous								Oral			Subci	utaneous	Patch	Patch	Oral	Oral	
(mg) (mg)								(mg)			(mg)		(mcg / hr)	(mcg / hr)	(mg)	(mg)	
4hr dose	12hr dose	24hr total dose	4hr dose	24hr total dose	4hr dose (mg)	24hr total dose (mg)	4hr dose (mg)	24hr total dose (mg)	4 hr dose OXYNORM LIQUID	12hr dose OXYCONTIN TABLET	24hr total dose	4hr dose	24hr total dose	Patch strength STABLE PAIN ONLY Change 72 hrly	Patch strength STABLE PAIN ONLY Change at intervals indicated	24 hr total dose Max dose of Tramadol is 400mg in 24 hr equiv to 40mg of oral Morphine in 24 hrs	24 hr total dose
		5															60
		10													5 7 days	100	120
		20													10 7 days	200	240
5	15	30	2.5	15	1.25	10	0.125	1	2.5	10	15	1.25	7.5	12	20 7 days		
10	30	60	5	30	2.5-5	20	0.25	2	5	15	30	2.5	15	25	35 96 hours		
15	45	90	7.5	45	5	30	0.5	3	7.5	25	50	3.75	25	37	52.5 96hours		
20 30	60 90	120 180	10 15	60 90	7.5 10	40 60	0.75	4	10	30	60	5	30	37	70 96hours		
40	90 120	240	20	90 120	10	80	1 1.25	8	15	45	90	7.5	45	50 75	105 96 hours 140 96 hours		
50	150	300	25	150	12.5	100	1.5	10	20 25	60 75	120 150	10 12.5	60 75	75	140 90 110013		
60	180	360	30	130	20	120	2	12	30	90	130	12.5	90	100			
70	210	420	35	210	25	140	2.5	14	35	105	210	17.5	100	125			
80	240	480	40	240	27.5	160	2.5	16	40	100	240	20	120	125			
90	270	540	45	270	30	180	3	18	45	135	270	22.5	135	150			
100	300	600	50	300	35	200	3.5	20	50	150	300	25	150	150			
110	330	660	55	330	37.5	220	3.75	22	55	165	330	27.5	165	175			
120	360	720	60	360	40	240	4	24	60	180	360	30	180	200			

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See below for information on using the table and worked examples

How to use this table:

Look for the name of the drug you wish to prescribe. Then decide which route you wish to use. For parenteral use we recommend the subcutaneous route. If you are giving a long acting opioid (12 hrly dose or patch), you will need to prescribe a prn dose for breakthrough pain – this is one sixth of the 24 hour dose, or the 4hourly dose of the same drug, or, in the case of fentanyl or buprenorphine, use the correct 4hrly dose of morphine for breakthrough pain (this should be prescribed PRN, maximum hourly so that patients do not have to wait for rescue analgesia).

Worked Examples:

You wish to prescribe Slow Release Morphine (Zomorph or MST) 30mg bd

- This is the same as 60mg oral Morphine in 24 hours
- One sixth of this is the PRN dose 10mg
- Prescribe 30mg bd Slow Release Morphine (Zomorph or MST) and 10mg Immediate Release Morphine (Oramorph) PRN, max hourly

You wish to prescribe a Fentanyl 100mcg/hr patch

This is the same as 360mg oral Morphine in 24 hours

- One sixth of this is the PRN dose 60mg
- Prescribe Fentanyl patch 100mcg/hr (renew patch every 72 hours) and 60mg Immediate Release Morphine (Oramorph) PRN, max hourly

You wish to prescribe Slow Release Oxycodone (Oxycontin tablets) 60mg bd

- This is the same as 120mg oral Oxycodone in 24hrs (The same as 240mg Morphine in 24hrs)
- One sixth of this is the PRN dose 20mg
- Prescribe Oxycontin Tablets 60mg bd and Oxynorm Liquid 20mg PRN, max hourly

You wish to change a patient from 30mg bd Slow Release Morphine onto a syringe driver

- This is the same as 60mg oral Morphine in 24hrs
- This is the same as 30mg subcutaneous Morphine in 24 hours this is the dose to go in the syringe driver
- One sixth of this is the 4hrly dose prescribe 5mg Morphine subcutaneously PRN, max hourly
- NB Most data on doses is based on single dose studies so it is not necessarily applicable in chronic use, also individual patients may metabolise different drugs at varying rates. The advice is to always calculate doses using morphine as standard and to adjust them to suit the patient and the situation. Caution should be used in renal and hepatic failure. Some doses have been rounded up or down to fit with the preparations available. Avoid patch use in unstable pain.
- At higher doses e.g. the equivalent of 180mg of oral Morphine in 24 hours or more, consider reducing the equianalgesic dose by 30-50% if converting from a less sedating Opioid e.g. Fentanyl to Morphine or Diamorphine (as the sedative effects may be much greater for an 'equianalgesic' dose)

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